UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE COLUMBIA DIVISION

GRANVILLE PILLOW]	
Plaintiff,]	
]	
V.	J	No. 1:12-0136
]	JUDGE HAYNES
BRIAN GRAY, et al.	J	
Defendants.	1	

MEMORANDUM

Plaintiff, Granville Pillow, an inmate at the Maury County Jail in Columbia, Tennessee, filed this *pro se* action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 against the Defendants: Brian Gray and Lt. Robin Howell, members of the Columbia Police Department. Plaintiff seeks damages arising out of Defendants' search of his residence.

On January 13, 2011, Defendant Gray executed a search warrant at the Plaintiff's place of residence. During the course of the search, Defendant Gray allegedly seized a cell telephone and one hundred eighty four dollars (\$184). Plaintiff's claims are that these items of personal property were mistakenly seized and that he should be reimbursed for their loss.

To state a claim for § 1983 relief, the Plaintiff must plead and prove that the defendants, while acting under color of state law, deprived him of a right guaranteed by the Constitution or laws of the United States. Parratt v. Taylor, 451 U.S. 527, 543-44, (1981). A prisoner's claim for the loss of personal property fails to state a cognizable action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, *Id.*, even if the loss of property was the result of intentional misconduct. <u>Hudson v. Palmer</u>, 468 U.S. 517 (1984). This

general proposition is inapplicable only when the state fails to provide an inmate with an adequate post-deprivation remedy. <u>Logan v. Zimmerman Brush Co.</u>, 455 U.S. 422, 435-436 (1982). Here, Tennessee's statutory post-deprivation remedy has been found to satisfy the requirements of due process. <u>McLaughlin v. Weathers</u>, 170 F.3d 577, 581-82 (6th Cir.1999). Therefore, absent of any allegations that the Plaintiff has been denied the due process safeguards guaranteed to him by state law, Plaintiff fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

When a prisoner plaintiff fails to state a claim for relief, the Court must dismiss his complaint *sua sponte*. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2).

An appropriate order is filed herewith.

Chief District Judge